

INDUSTRIAL COURT OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO OFFICE OF ECONOMIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH

AN ANALYSIS OF WAGES AND SALARIES EXTRACTED FROM COLLECTIVE AGREEMENTS REGISTERED IN 2017

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

ATGWTU All Trinidad General Workers' Trade Union

BIGWU Banking, Insurance and General Workers' Union

BU Bargaining Unit

CA Collective Agreement

CGWTU Contractors and General Workers' Trade Union

EPA Estate Police Association

ESD CA Essential Services Division Collective Agreement
GIGWU Government Industrial and General Workers' Union

MSATT Managers and Supervisors Association of Trinidad and Tobago

NUGFW National Union of Government and Federated Workers

OFEU Office and Factory Employees' Union

OWTU Oilfields Workers' Trade Union

PSA Public Services Association of Trinidad and Tobago

Reg No. Registration Number

SSA of T&TEC Senior Staff Association of Trinidad and Tobago Electricity Commission

ST CA Special Tribunal Collective Agreement

SWWTU Seamen and Waterfront Workers' Trade Union

TIWU Transport and Industrial Workers' Union

TTUCIW Trinidad and Tobago Union of Commercial and Industrial Workers

WEF With Effect From

SECTION 1: INTRODUCTION/SUMMARY

ANALYSIS OF DATA AND TRENDS

For the year 2017, a total of fifty-three (53) Collective Agreements were registered at the Industrial Court, all of which were negotiated for three (3) year bargaining periods spanning 2008-2019. An analysis of the data from forty-nine (49)¹ of the fifty-three (53) Collective Agreements registered in 2017 revealed that the highest pay increase of eighteen per cent (18%) was recorded in the *Petroleum and Other Mining Industries Sub-sector*. In particular, the wage increase of eighteen per cent (18%) for the bargaining period 2015-2017 was negotiated on behalf of hourly, weekly rated employees by one company and the Oilfields Workers' Trade Union (OWTU) in the said Sub-sector. The second highest percentage pay increase, sixteen percent (16%) was recorded in the *Personal Services* Sub-sector by one company and the National Union of Government and Federated Workers (NUGFW) on behalf of hourly rated employees, for the bargaining period 2014-2016.

A comparison of the highest wage increases of registered Collective Agreements in the two (2) previous years, 2015 and 2016 showed that the highest pay increase in **2015** was twenty-six per cent (**26%**) in the *Distribution Sub-sector*. This increase was negotiated on behalf of monthly paid employees for the bargaining period 2011-2013.

In **2016**, the highest wage increase of twenty-five per cent **(25%)** emanated from the *Petroleum and Other Mining Industries Sub-sector*. It was negotiated on behalf of hourly, weekly rated employees for the bargaining period 2012-2014.

The modal pay increase for Collective Agreements registered in **2017** was nine per cent (**9%**). Thirteen (**13**) or **26.5%** of the firms from several industries, including *Chemical and Non-Metallic Minerals*, *Construction* and *Finance*, *Insurance*, *Real Estate and Business Services*

¹ Four (4) of the registered Collective Agreements negotiated varying pay increases, which were not based on percentages and therefore were excluded from the analysis. The registration numbers of these Agreements were ESD CA 2, STCA 5, CA 10 and CA 11. This document provides further details.

negotiated 9% for a three (3) year bargaining period, for their employees. By way of comparison, with regard to the years **2015** and **2016**, the modal pay increase in respect of Collective Agreements registered in each of those years was **12**%.

Table 1.1 illustrates the top highest wage settlements per Collective Agreements registered in 2017:

Percentage Pay Increase	Number Of Collective Agreements	% Out Of 49	Sub-sector	Three (3) Year Bargaining Period	Bargaining Unit
18	One	2%	Petroleum and Other Mining Industries	2015 - 2017	Hourly, Weekly
16	One	2%	Personal Services	2014-2016	Hourly
15	Two	4%	Distribution Transportation, Communication and Storage	2013 - 2016 2013 - 2016	Weekly Hourly
14	Three	6%	Finance, Insurance, Real Estate and Business Services Food Processors and Drink	2012 - 2014 2014 - 2016 2014 - 2017	Monthly Hourly Hourly

Furthermore, as shown in **Table 1.2**, for Collective Agreements registered in **2017**, the lowest percentage pay increases were **3**% and **5**% negotiated in the *Petroleum and other Mining Industries* and *the Electricity and Water* Sub-sectors, respectively.

In comparing the two previous years, the lowest pay increases in **2015** was **5**% from the *Personal Services* Sub-sector, while in **2016**, the *Finance, Insurance and Real Estate and Business Services* Sub-sector recorded **0**%.

Table 1.2: The lowest wage increases recorded per Collective Agreements registered in 2017:

Percentage Pay Increase	Number Of Collective Agreements	% Out Of 49	Sub-sector	Three (3) Year Bargaining Period	Bargaining Unit
3	One	2%	Petroleum and Other Mining Industries	2015 - 2018	Hourly, Daily, Weekly Paid
5	One	2%	Electricity and Water	2008 - 2010	Monthly Rated precepted officers

The findings reveal that over the three-year review period 2015-2017, wage increases negotiated through the collective bargaining process have been trending downward, in tune with the economic climate. This is evidenced by the fact that the modal pay increases of registered collective agreements fell to 9% in 2017, from 12% in both 2015 and 2016.

In addition, the analysis attests that the highest wage increases of 18% and 25% for consecutive years 2017 and 2016, respectively, have originated from the *Petroleum and Other Mining Industries* Sub-sector, where the OWTU was instrumental in both instances.

The following is an analysis of percentage increases in wages and salaries extracted from Collective Agreements registered at the Industrial Court in the year 2017.

METHODOLOGY

The companies with collective agreements registered in 2017 were categorized by Sub-sector/ Industry and further grouped by bargaining period.

There is a presentation of data as follows:

- (a) By percentage increases in pay, the outcome of the collective bargaining process.
- (b) By jobs and their actual pay rates per company and respective bargaining period.

The percentage pay increases were analyzed per sub-sector as follows:

- (a) Average yearly percentage increases in pay per bargaining period.
- (b) Total average yearly percentage increases in pay.
- (c) The range of average yearly percentage increases in pay.
- (d) The median and the mode of annual percentage increases in pay.

The International Standard Classification of the Central Statistical Office was used to classify the companies by Sub-sector.

The Sub-sectors are as follows:

- i. Assembly Type and Related Industries
- ii. Central and Local Government
- iii. Chemicals and Non-Metallic Minerals
- iv. Construction
- v. Distribution

- vi. Electricity and Water
- vii. Finance, Insurance, Real Estate and Business Services
- viii. Food Processors and Drink
 - ix. Hotels and Guest Houses
 - x. Personal Services
- xi. Petroleum and Other Mining Industries
- xii. Transportation, Communication and Storage

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